

1 次の極限值を求めよ.

$$(1) \lim_{x \rightarrow -1} \frac{x+1}{x^2+4x+3}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \lim_{x \rightarrow -1} \frac{x+1}{x^2+4x+3} &= \lim_{x \rightarrow -1} \frac{x+1}{(x+1)(x+3)} \\ &= \lim_{x \rightarrow -1} \frac{1}{x+3} \\ &= \frac{1}{-1+3} \\ &= \frac{1}{2} \quad \text{【1点】} \end{aligned}$$

$$(2) \lim_{x \rightarrow 2} \frac{\sqrt{x+1} - \sqrt{3}}{x-2}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \lim_{x \rightarrow 2} \frac{\sqrt{x+1} - \sqrt{3}}{x-2} &= \lim_{x \rightarrow 2} \frac{(\sqrt{x+1} - \sqrt{3})(\sqrt{x+1} + \sqrt{3})}{(x-2)(\sqrt{x+1} + \sqrt{3})} \\ &= \lim_{x \rightarrow 2} \frac{(x+1) - 3}{(x-2)(\sqrt{x+1} + \sqrt{3})} \\ &= \lim_{x \rightarrow 2} \frac{x-2}{(x-2)(\sqrt{x+1} + \sqrt{3})} \\ &= \lim_{x \rightarrow 2} \frac{1}{\sqrt{x+1} + \sqrt{3}} \\ &= \frac{1}{\sqrt{2+1} + \sqrt{3}} = \frac{1}{2\sqrt{3}} \quad \text{【1点】} \end{aligned}$$

$$(3) \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{1}{x} \left(\frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{x+2} \right)$$

$$\begin{aligned} \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{1}{x} \left(\frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{x+2} \right) &= \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{1}{x} \times \frac{(x+2) - 2}{2(x+2)} \\ &= \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{1}{x} \times \frac{x}{2(x+2)} \\ &= \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{1}{2(x+2)} \\ &= \frac{1}{2(0+2)} \\ &= \frac{1}{4} \quad \text{【1点】} \end{aligned}$$

2 導関数の定義にしたがって、関数 $y = \sqrt{x}$ を微分せよ.

教科書 p.33 例題 1 を参照 【1点】

3 次の関数を微分せよ.

$$(1) y = 3x^4 - 2x^3 + 5x + 3$$

$$y' = 12x^3 - 6x^2 + 5 \quad \text{【1点】}$$

$$(2) y = (3 - 2x)^4$$

$$y' = 4(3 - 2x)^{4-1} \times (-2) = -8(3 - 2x)^3 \quad \text{【1点】}$$

学籍番号	1							学科
氏名								

(3) $y = (x^2 + 1)\sqrt{2x - 1}$

$$\begin{aligned}
 y' &= 2x\sqrt{2x-1} + (x^2+1) \times \frac{1}{2}(2x-1)^{-\frac{1}{2}} \times 2 \\
 &= 2x\sqrt{2x-1} + \frac{x^2+1}{\sqrt{2x-1}} \\
 &= \frac{2x(2x-1) + x^2+1}{\sqrt{2x-1}} \\
 &= \frac{5x^2 - 2x + 1}{\sqrt{2x-1}} \quad \text{【1点】}
 \end{aligned}$$

(4) $y = \frac{x+7}{3-x}$

$$y' = \frac{(3-x) - (x+7) \times (-1)}{(3-x)^2} = \frac{10}{(3-x)^2} \quad \text{【1点】}$$

(5) $y = \sin(4-3x)$

$$y' = \cos(4-3x) \times (4-3x)' = -3\cos(4-3x) \quad \text{【1点】}$$

(6) $y = x^3 \cos x$

$$y' = 3x^2 \cos x - x^3 \sin x \quad \text{【1点】}$$

(7) $y = \sin^2\left(\frac{2x-1}{3x+1}\right)$

$f(t) = t^2$, $g(x) = \sin\left(\frac{2x-1}{3x+1}\right)$ とおくと, $y = f \circ g(x)$ である. $f'(t) = 2t$ より,

$$\begin{aligned}
 y' &= f'(g(x)) \times g'(x) \\
 &= 2g(x) \times g'(x) \\
 &= 2\sin\left(\frac{2x-1}{3x+1}\right) \times g'(x)
 \end{aligned}$$

また, $F(t) = \sin t$, $G(x) = \frac{2x-1}{3x+1}$ とおくと, $g(x) = F \circ G(x)$ である. $F'(t) = \cos t$ より,

$$\begin{aligned}
 g'(x) &= F'(G(x)) \times G'(x) \\
 &= \cos(G(x)) \times G'(x) \\
 &= \cos\left(\frac{2x-1}{3x+1}\right) \times \left(\frac{2x-1}{3x+1}\right)' \\
 &= \cos\left(\frac{2x-1}{3x+1}\right) \times \frac{(2x-1)' \cdot (3x+1) - (2x-1) \cdot (3x+1)'}{(3x+1)^2} \\
 &= \cos\left(\frac{2x-1}{3x+1}\right) \times \frac{5}{(3x+1)^2}
 \end{aligned}$$

以上のことから,

$$y' = \frac{10}{(3x+1)^2} \sin\left(\frac{2x-1}{3x+1}\right) \cos\left(\frac{2x-1}{3x+1}\right). \quad \text{【1点】}$$

学籍番号	1					学科	
氏名							